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Wholesale Price List

AT THE

HERRY HILL NURSERY

- 5 1-2 miles from Newburyport.
- 2 1-2 miles from Byfield Depot.
- 1 1-2 miles from West Newbury Electric Road

WEST NEWBURY, MASS.

T. C. THURLOW, Proprietor

In presenting another Annual Trade List, I would state that our stock this spring is generally large and fine—in some respects better than ever before.

I would call particular attention to our large and well-grown stock of Sugar and Norway Maples, Am. Elms, Hardy Magnolias, new and choice Shrubs—Erergreens (especially White Spruce, the finest we ever grew). Pines, Firs, Junipers, and the new hardy Rocky Mountain Evergreens—no better anywhere.

I would also state that I design to materially reduce my acreage of large trees and shrubs, and in future make a specialty of small stock, as Pæonies. Iris, Phlox, Hardy Rhododendrons, Azaleas, Andromedas, Kalmias, etc. Of these we now have an immense stock of small plants, and hope soon in this department to be able to compete with any grower in this country or Europe.

We use no glass whatever, and everything offered on our different circulars is expected to be perfectly acclimated (unless otherwise noted), and well adapted to the climate of the New England and Middle States, and the lower Provinces of Canada. As our expenses are quite moderate, we are able to offer first-class stock at low prices. Our soil is the best, being generally a strong loam underlaid with clay, suitable for producing healthy trees and shrubs with the best of roots.



Advice to Purchasers.

34 94 94

In spring we usually commence digging and packing the first week in April, though evergreens and other stock where the ground is shaded cannot be dug till later.

EARLY ORDERS (before April 1st) are very essential to successful tree planting. The nurseryman, if he knows what orders to depend upon, can engage a large force of men, and dig to much better advantage, just as soon as the frost is out, before the sap goes up and the buds are swollen, and if the trees are not wanted for immediate

planting, they can be heeled in and left till the ground is ready to receive them; but the earlier they are planted after the ground is dry the better. Probably three-fourths of all the losses in spring are on account of too late planting. Sometimes, especially those with a ball of earth, or a mass of fibrous roots, like the Rhododen-drous, the Azalea or the Magnolia, can be planted safely up to the first of June, while others like the Purple Beech, the Larch, Dormant Roses, Currants, Gooseberries, Raspberries, etc., must be planted early in spring, or in the fall. So, friends, please attend to it at once, and send your orders early, and we will try and send the stock early, but remember that during the busy season we cannot dig large trees at a minute's notice. The early orders must be attended to first. There is a mistaken notion that evergreens should be planted late (last of May or June), but my experience has been, especially with large trees, that April is a better time than June. Unless they can be transplanted early, better postpone it to a wet time in August.

NO AGENTS. We do not employ agents or salesmen, but deal direct with the purchaser, thus avoiding misrepresentation and paying commissions, which must always be added to the first cost of the trees, when agents are employed. We can deliver heavy trees anywhere within 30 or 40 miles, much cheaper with horse teams and suitable wagons than by railroad, only charging for the time of men and horses.

PACKING. Trees and shrubs can be packed in boxes or bales, with a charge only for material used, and delivered at either depot or express office in Newburyport or Byfield, when our responsibility ceases, *Should any loss occur by delay, the forwarders alone must be held responsible.* We always send a tracer at once when notified of any such delay.

WARRANTY. We never warrant our stock to live, as we have no control over the weather or the various vicissitudes attending planting. We are always glad to advise our customers in regard to preparing and planting trees, and when our directions are carefully followed, it is very seldom that they fail to grow. We cannot either warrant our trees and plants always to be true to name and description. Mistakes will always occur in every business; but in our long experience it is very seldom that we hear any complaint. We have always been willing to replace any tree or plant that has proved untrue, but cannot be responsible further. Any mistake made in filling orders should be reported at once on receipt of stock, so we may correct it promptly.

SHIPPING. Our shipping facilities are good in all directions, especially to the East. Freight put on the cars at Newburyport at night arrives in Portland next morning, ready to be reshipped by boat or rail to any point in Maine or the Eastern Provinces. We advise to send all small packages by American Express, which connects to all parts of the country, and is very prompt and reliable.

INSECTS. We have no state entomologist in Massachusetts, but a man was sent out last season from the Agricultural College at Amherst, to examine all the nurseries in the state. He failed to find any trace of San Jose scale or other bad insects in our nurseries. I have been very careful for the last year or two not to order any stock from the infested districts. All newly-planted trees and shrubs should be looked after carefully, for it is then that insects do the most damage, and they always infest young growing trees more than older ones.

AS USUAL, six will be supplied at dozen rates, fifty at hundred, and five hundred at thousand rates.

TERMS CASH. These are our lowest prices to everyone (with no discount) except by agreement otherwise for a large or remnant lot.

REMITTANCES can be made by bank check, by American Express (prepaid), or post office order on West Newbury.

Fruit Trees.

* * *

Our Apple Trees are 4 to 6 years from the bud—good, strong, well established trees. We have a lot older, which have not been cultivated for 2 or 3 years, that can be had for the digging. Those who want young trees of common nursery size, can be supplied from a good New England nursery, at the regular price at that nursery. Orders for such should come in early, before the digging season commences, or we cannot attend to it.

cannot attend to it.

Our Pear Trees were raised in New York state, and have been growing here from 2 to 6 years. Although not as vigorous and fresh looking as when we received them, they are perfectly acclimated, and will bear fruit several years sooner than those fresh from New York. We have also a lot of Japan Plums, planted out here one and two years, which are in the finest condition for early fruiting.

Per doz. Per 100

Apples—Several leading varieties, 2 and 3 years	82		812	
" " large size		00	25	
Russet, H. Nonsuch, Greening, Yellow Transparent, Porter, Danvers Sweet, Golden Sweet, Early Harvest, Baldwin, Astrachan, Hurlbut, Washing Strawberry, etc.	-	00	20	00
Jacob Sweet, the best winter sweet, 7 to 9 feet, extra	5	00	30	00
Gravenstein, very extra size	õ	00	30	00
Crabs, several varieties, very large and fine	3	00	20	00
Roxbury Russets, very fine large trees	5	00		
Pears — Standard, leading varieties, 3 and 4 years	4	00	25	00
" bearing trees, extra stock	9	00	50	00
Bartlett, Anjou, Clapp's, Dana's Honey, Lawrence, Seckel, Dodge Seedling, Belle Lucrative, etc.				
Cherries—Best sweet varieties, 2 and 3 feet	3	00	20	00
" extra large	6	00		
Best sour varieties, ""	4	00		
Plums—A few leading kinds, 2 years	3	00		
Japan, Abundance, Burbank, Yellow, Berkmans, 2 years	2	00	15	00
" " arger	5	00	30	00
Peaches—One year, first class, 3 and 4 feet	1	50	10	00
" extra, very stocky, 4 and 5 feet	3	00	15	00
Early Crawford, Old Mixon, Mt. Rose, Alexander, etc. New varieties: Triumph, Greensboro, Bokora No. 3.	3	00		
Quinces — Orange, the best variety, 3 and 4 feet	3	00	20	00
" extra large	6	00		
Nuts—Chestnut, Am. sweet, 4 to 6 feet	3	00	20	00
" very extra, 9 to 10 feet, 2 to 3 in. through,	12	00		
New Japan, 4 to 6 feet	6	00		
Grapes-Concord, Worden, Moore's Early, Moore's Diamond and				
Delaware, 25c. each	2	00	12	00
Green Mountain, new white, 50c. each	4	00		
CAMPBELL'S EARLY, a new, very early black grape, vine				
very vigorous and productive, \$1 each				
Strawberries — Beverly, Greenville, Haverland, Tennessee, Prolific,				
Brandywine, Lovett, Bubach and Gardner,				
per 1,000, \$5		25		75
Marshall, Sparta, Fountain, Enhance, Rio, Wm.				
Belt, Brunetteper 1,000, \$8		25	1	00
Clyde, the coming market berryper 1,000, \$8		25	1	00
Our Strawberry plants are fine, pure plants.				

		doz.	Per 10
Currants — Cherry, Fay, Versaillaise, White Grape, 1 year, No. 1			\$2 0
Pomona and Pres. Wilder, new		3 00	
Gooseberries — Houghton, 1 year, No. 1		50	3 0
Downing, " " …		00	5 0
Blackberries — Agawam and Wachusetts		50	2 0
Eldorado		00	2 0
Raspberries—Marlboro, Cuthbert		50	2 0
Louden and Miller		. 00	
Mulberries — Downing and New American, 50c, to \$1 each,			
Rhubarb — Monarch, Linnæus, Victoria, 25c. each		00	1 0
Asparagus — Best varieties, 1 and 2 year plants		25	1 00
DECIDIOUS TREES		¢	
DECIDUOUS TREES.			
Ash—American White, 4 to 7 feet		. 00	5 00
" extra , 12 to 14 feet, $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in. caliper		00	100 00
Beech—American and European, 7 to 10 feet, \$1 each		00	
Purple, 2½ to 3 feet, well branched, good roots, \$1 each		00	
· 4 to 5 feet, · · · · · · S1.50 each	12	00	
Birch—Cut leaved (See Weeping Trees).			
Paper, 8 to 10 feet		00	
Catalpa—Tea's hybrid, 8 to 10 feet		00	
Bungei (top grafted), \$1 to \$2 each			
Crab — Parkman's, floribuda, etc., 6 to 8 feet, \$1 each	9	00	
Chestnuts—American and Japan. (See Nuts.)			
Cornus—Florida or "Dogwood," 3 to 5 feet, very bushy		00	20 00
" 4 to 6 feet, " "		00	
Mascula, 6 to 8 feet, 75c. each			
Florida, Rubra, new and beautiful, 3 to 4 feet, 81 each		00	
Elm — American. A very fine lot, 10 to 12 feet		00	40 00
12 to 11 feet			75 00
very stout, selected, 52 each		00	
Cork Barked or Rock Elm, 7 to 9 feet		00	25 00
0 to 10 feet		00	30 00
Red, foliage tinted red, 10 to 12 feet, \$2 each			
Horn-bean — 6 to 8 feet, bushy		00	** 00
Horse Chestnut — Common white, 8 to 9 feet, 75c. 18 to 24 in		00	15 00
Red flowering, 8 to 9 feet, \$1 each			
Kentucky Coffee Tree—8 to 10 feet, \$1 each		00	
Linden — American or Basswood, 10 to 12 feet, \$1 each		00	
Magnolia — Acuminata (cucumber tree), 7 to 9 feet, \$1 each		00	
Conspicua (transplanted and bushy), \$2 to \$3 each	J	00	
Glauca, 3½ to 4 feet	s	00	25 00
" 4 to 5 feet		00	20 00
" 6 to 7 feet			
Lennei, 3 to 5 feet, bushy			
" 5 to 8 feet (trans. and cut in), \$2 to \$4 each	10	50	
Soulangeana, 2 to 3 feet	×	00	
" 4 to 6 feet		00	
T to 0 1000	J	00	

Magnolia — Soulangeana, 6 to 8 feet		doz.	Per \$100	
Speciosa, 4 to 6 feet		00	٥٠٠٠	-
" 6 to 8 feet		00		
" transplanted and cut in, fine, 4 to 6 feet			100	00
" " 5 to 7 feet			150	
Stellata (Hall's Japan), \$1.50 to \$3 each,				
Tripetela, 6 to 8 feet, \$1.50 each	. 12	00		
There is no better stock of Magnolias to be found; price on selection for extra specimen plants.	n			
Maple — Sugar, 6 to 8 feet, per 1,000, \$100	. 2	00	15	00
" 7 to 9 feet, " \$150	. 3	00	20	00
The above are fine trees, two and three times transplanted, clear straight and well rooted; the best for the money I ever offere Planted further apart they will make nice street trees in a few years	1, 1.			
Maple - Sugar. The following were 10 to 12 feet, but were co				
back last summer to about eight feet.				
Sugar, 10 to 12 feet (cut back to 8 feet)	. 3	00	20	00
" 14 to 16 feet (cut back to about 12 feet), 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in				
caliper		00	25	00
Sugar, 14 to 16 feet (cut back to about 12 feet), 1½ to 2 in				
caliper		00	35	00
Sugar, 14 to 16 feet (cut back to about 12 feet), 2 to 2½ in				
caliper		00	50	0
Sugar, 12 to 15 feet (not cut back), 14 to 13 inch caliper		00	35	0
" " " $1\frac{3}{4}$ to $2\frac{1}{4}$ " "	. 8	00	50	00
" (selected, very straight and stocky).	. 12	00	75	0
" a few large trees, 2 to 4 inches, \$3 to \$5 each :				
Also several hundred very tall, 2 to 4 inches; to clear the land, 25c. e for the lot.	ıch			
Norway, 12 to 14 feet, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 inches caliper	. 12	00	75	00
" 14 to 15 feet, 2 to 3 inches caliper	. 18	00	125	00
" 14 to 16 feet, 3 inches and over in caliper	. 24	00	150	00
" a lot to clear, 2 to 4 inches caliper, 25c. each				
English Sycamore, 11 to 14 feet	. 12	00	75	00
Silver, 5 to 7 feet	. 2	00	15	00
Schwedleri and Reitenbachi, cut leaf Norway, gold leave	1			
variegated leaved, etc., \$1 to \$5 each				
Oak — English and Turkey, from seed of hardy trees, 4 to 6 feet		00	15	00
Pin Oak, 6 to 10 inches, transplanted			4	00
Concordia, the Golden Oak, \$1.50 to \$5 each				
Plum—Prunus Pissardi, purple during the entire season, 75c. each.		00		
Poplar — Golden, very effective for massing, \$1 each		00		
Bolleana, new Russian white-leaved variety, 8 to 10 feet.		00		
Rhus—Osbecki (very rare), 50c. to \$3 each				
Salisburia — Maiden-hair tree, 50c. to \$2		0.0		
Thorn—English hawthorn, double red, white and rose, 3 to 5 feet		00		
Fulip Tree — 4 to 6 feet, 50c		00		
Virgilia Lutea — Yellow wood, tall branchy tree, cut back			2	00
Willow—Britsensis, brilliant red bark in winter, 2 to 3 feet		50	8	
Golden, brilliant yellow bark in winter, 2 to 3 feet		50	8	
Russian Golden, brilliant yellow bark in winter, 5 to 7 fee		00	10	
Laurel-leaved, Aucuba-leaved, Regalis, etc., 5 to 7 feet	- 2	00	10	UÜ

WEEPING TREES.

Walling Incasi	031.6	loz.	Per	100
Beech—Very beautiful specimens, 5 to 12 feet high, \$2 to \$5 each.	er (w.	1 61	100
Birch — Cut-leaved, weeping, 3 to 5 feet, 50c, each.	\$ 5	00		
Young's weeping (new), very unique, \$1.50 each.				
Elm — Camperdown, specimens, \$1.50 to \$3 each.				
Maple—Wier's cut-leaved, 5 to 7 feet, 50c. each.				
Mulberry—Tea's weeping Russian, \$1.50 each.				
Willow - Kilmarnock, New American Wisconsin, 50c. to \$1 each.				
Thurlow's weeping willow, 5 to 8 feet	4	00	825	00
"	5	00	35	00
" 8 to 10 feet	6	00	40	00
TV-D 0 D T-110				
EVERGREENS.				
Our Evergreens this year are not over large, but fine, bushy trees, grown without crowding, and have all been recently transplanted. The White Spruce are extra fine, all specimens. The Picea Pungens, Picea Englemani and Abies Concolor (all Rocky Mt. trees), are as fine as can be found in the country.				
Arborvitæ — American, very bushy and nice, 2 to 3 feet	1	50	12	00-
" " " 3 to 4 feet	3	00	20	00
Fir — Concolor, 12 to 18 inches (cut in)	3	00	20	
" 18 to 24 inches. "		00	25	
" 2 to 3 feet	_	00		•
One of the best evergreens in the country, but unfortunately difficult to transplant, unless early in the season. Most of ours were reset last year, and will be pretty certain to live with ordinary care.				
Concolor, selected specimens, 3 to 4 feet, \$2 to \$3 each.				
Balsam, 2 to 3 feet, \$15 per 100; 3 to 4 feet	3	00	20	00
Fraseri (Alleghany Mt. Fir), 3 to 4 feet	4	00	25	00
" 4 to 5 feet	ŏ	00	30	00
Juniper - Golden (communis aurea), 18 inches, 2 to 3 feet across,				
75c. each	6	00		
Daurica, very hardy and good, 2 to 3 feet, 75c. each	6	00		
Irish (tender), 8 to 12 inches	3	00		
Suecica nana, very hardy and fine, 8 to 12 inches, bushy.	4	00		
Sabina, 8 to 12 inches, spreading	3	00	20	00
Schotti, very pretty, 18 to 24 inches		00	-0	
Party, and Party, and an arrange and arrange and arrange and arrange and arrange arran	-			

Virginiana glauca, very fine, 18 to 24 inches 6 00

Cembra (Swiss pine), 2 to 2½ feet, \$6 per doz.; 12 to 18 in.. 4 00

Plumosa aurea, 18 to 24 inches

" (very valuable), 2 to 3 feet.....

2 to 2½ feet, cut in and reset last year 4 00

5 to 7 feet, \$2 each. Norway, 2 to 3 feet, transplanted last year 1 50 25 00

25 00

25 00

15 00

20 00

20 - 00

20.00

10 00

4 00

3 00

3 00

Retinispora — Obtusa, 3 to 4 feet.....

Spruce - Douglas (from the Rockies), 18 inches

4.4

0		doz.	Per 10
Spruce — Norway, 3 to 4 feet, transplanted last year			\$15 0
Red, 12 to 15 inches		00	5 0
Engleman (from the Rockies), often mistaken for the			
pungens, fully as hardy and of the deepest green, 12 to 18 i		00	30 0
Dwarf (Dwarf black and Gregory's), 8 to 10 inches	. 5	00	
Oriental, 2 to 3 feet, \$1 each; 12 to 15 inches, 75c. each.			
Hemlock, very fine, 2 to 3 feet		00	18 0
Pungens (Picea Pungens), selected blue, 8 to 10 inches		00	20 0
" " 10 to 12 inches."	-	00	30 0
·· ·· ·· 2 to 3 ft., §3 each			
" " " " 3 to 4 ft., \$4 each		00	
" " $4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ feet, } \$5 \text{ to } 4$ " " $4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ feet, } \$5 \text{ to } 4$ " " $4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ feet, } \$5 \text{ to } 4$ " " $4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ feet, } \$5 \text{ to } 4$ " " $4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ feet, } \$5 \text{ to } 4$ " " $4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ feet, } \$5 \text{ to } 4$ " " $4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ feet, } \$5 \text{ to } 4$ " " $4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ feet, } \$5 \text{ to } 4$ " " $4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ feet, } \$5 \text{ to } 4$ " " $4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ feet, } \$5 \text{ to } 4$ " " $4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ feet, } \$5 \text{ to } 4$ " " $4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ feet, } \$5 \text{ to } 4$ " " $4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ feet, } \$5 \text{ to } 4$ " " $4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ feet, } \$5 \text{ to } 4$ " " $4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ feet, } \$5 \text{ to } 4$ " " $4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ feet, } \$5 \text{ to } 4$ " " $4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ feet, } \$5 \text{ to } 4$ " " $4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ feet, } \$5 \text{ to } 4$ " " $4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ feet, } \$5 \text{ to } 4$ " " $4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ feet, } \$5 \text{ to } 4$ " " $4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ feet, } 8\text{ to } 4$ " " $4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} $	0		
\$8 each	. 60	00	
(Probably the finest and largest pungens in the country	у,		
all on own roots).			
White (Black Hills spruce) very bushy and symmetrical,	2		
to 3 feet	. 3	00	18 0
White (Black Hills spruce) very bushy and symmetrical,	3		
to 4 feet	. 4	00	25 0
White (Black Hills spruce) very bushy and symmetrical,	4		
to 5 feet	. 5	00	35 0
Other Spruce, as Conica, Weeping, Alcock's, etc., on selection.			
Yew — Cuspidata, the most hardy of any, 12 to 18 inches		00	
Japan, 18 inches	. 5	00	
EVERCREEN SHRUBS.			
Andromeda — Floribunda, very large plants, 2 feet across	. 12	00	
Andromeda — Floribunda, very large plants, 2 feet across		00	30 0
	. 5		30 0
A lot of small plants, just imported	. 5 . 9	00	30 0 15 0
A lot of small plants, just imported	. 5 . 9	00	
A lot of small plants, just imported	. 5 . 9 . 3	00	
A lot of small plants, just imported	. 5 . 9 . 3	00 00 00	15 0
A lot of small plants, just imported	. 5 . 9 . 3 . 9	00 00 00	15 00 60 00
A lot of small plants, just imported Speciosa, 12 to 18 inches	. 5 . 9 . 3 . 9 . 15	00 00 00 00	15 00 60 00
A lot of small plants, just imported Speciosa, 12 to 18 inches. Kalmia — Latifolia, 8 to 12 inches, bushy. large blooming plants, 50c. to 81 each. Rhododendrons — Best hardy varieties, 18 inches (more or less). """ 2 to 3 feet. 3 to 4 feet, hardy seedlings, \$24 per doz.; 4 to 6 feet.	. 5 . 9 . 3 . 9 . 15 . 36	00 00 00 00	15 00 60 00
A lot of small plants, just imported	. 5 . 9 . 3 . 15 . 36 y	00 00 00 00	15 00 60 00
A lot of small plants, just imported Speciosa, 12 to 18 inches Kalmia — Latifolia, 8 to 12 inches, bushy large blooming plants, 50c. to 81 each. Rhododendrons — Best hardy varieties, 18 inches (more or less) ""2 to 3 feet 3 to 4 feet, hardy seedlings, 824 per doz.; 4 to 6 feet I expect several thousand from England early	. 5 . 9 . 3 . 15 . 36 y s,	00 00 00 00	15 00 60 00
A lot of small plants, just imported Speciosa, 12 to 18 inches Kalmia — Latifolia, 8 to 12 inches, bushy. large blooming plants, 50c. to \$1 each. Rhododendrons — Best hardy varieties, 18 inches (more or less). '' ' 2 to 3 feet 3 to 4 feet, hardy seedlings, \$24 per doz.; 4 to 6 feet. I expect several thousand from England earl this spring. They will be the best named kind about 6 to 7 inches.	. 5 . 9 . 3 . 15 . 36 y s, . 5	00 00 00 00 00	15 00 60 00 100 00
A lot of small plants, just imported Speciosa, 12 to 18 inches Kalmia — Latifolia, 8 to 12 inches, bushy. large blooming plants, 50c. to \$1 each. Rhododendrons — Best hardy varieties, 18 inches (more or less). ""2 to 3 feet. 3 to 4 feet, hardy seedlings, \$24 per doz.; 4 to 6 feet. I expect several thousand from England early this spring. They will be the best named kind about 6 to 7 inches. A little larger size, best named kinds.	. 5 . 9 . 3 . 15 . 36 y s, . 5	00 00 00 00 00	15 00 60 00 100 00
A lot of small plants, just imported Speciosa, 12 to 18 inches Kalmia — Latifolia, 8 to 12 inches, bushy. large blooming plants, 50c. to \$1 each. Rhododendrons — Best hardy varieties, 18 inches (more or less) ""2 to 3 feet 3 to 4 feet, hardy seedlings, \$24 per doz.; 4 to 6 feet I expect several thousand from England earl this spring. They will be the best named kind about 6 to 7 inches A little larger size, best named kinds Maximum (our native Rhododendron), 12 to	. 5 . 9 . 3 . 15 . 36 . 36 y s, . 5	00 00 00 00 00	15 00 60 00 100 00
A lot of small plants, just imported Speciosa, 12 to 18 inches Kalmia — Latifolia, 8 to 12 inches, bushy. large blooming plants, 50c. to 81 each. Rhododendrons — Best hardy varieties, 18 inches (more or less). ""2 to 3 feet. 3 to 4 feet, hardy seedlings, 824 per doz.; 4 to 6 feet. I expect several thousand from England early this spring. They will be the best named kind about 6 to 7 inches. A little larger size, best named kinds. Maximum (our native Rhododendron), 12 to 15 inches.	. 5 . 9 . 3 . 15 . 36 y s, . 5 . 6	00 00 00 00 00 00	15 00 60 00 100 00 35 00 40 00 25 00
A lot of small plants, just imported Speciosa, 12 to 18 inches Kalmia — Latifolia, 8 to 12 inches, bushy. large blooming plants, 50c. to 81 each. Rhododendrons — Best hardy varieties, 18 inches (more or less). ""2 to 3 feet	. 5 . 9 . 3 . 15 . 36 y s, . 5 . 6	00 00 00 00 00 00	15 00 60 00 100 00 35 00 40 00
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A lot of small plants, just imported Speciosa, 12 to 18 inches	. 5 . 9 . 3 9 15 6 5 6 4 2	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	15 00 60 00 100 00 35 00 40 00 25 00 10 00
Speciosa, 12 to 18 inches. Kalmia — Latifolia, 8 to 12 inches, bushy. large blooming plants, 50c. to 81 each. Rhododendrons — Best hardy varieties, 18 inches (more or less). 3 to 4 feet, hardy seedlings, 824 per doz.; 4 to 6 feet. I expect several thousand from England early this spring. They will be the best named kind about 6 to 7 inches. A little larger size, best named kinds. Maximum (our native Rhododendron), 12 to 15 inches. Yucca — Filiamentosa, 4-year plants.	. 5 . 9 . 3 9 15 6 6 2	00 00 00 00 00 00	15 00 60 00 100 00 35 00 40 00 25 00

	Per		Per	-
Azaleas — Belgian, best named, 12 to 18 inches	\$9	00	\$60	00
" large selected plants, \$1 to \$3 each.				
Mollis, mixed varieties, 18 to 24 inches		00	40	00
Nudiflora, very large plants, 50c. to \$1.50 each				
Viscosa, 18 to 24 inches		00		
Calendulacea (best native), 8 to 12 inches		00		
2 to 5 feet	10	00		
Arborescens, extra large, 75c. each.				
Vaseyi (Rhododendron vaseyi), 25c. to 50c. each.		0.0		
Aralea — Japonica, 4 to 6 feet, 50c. each		00		
Berberis — Purple leaf barbery for hedges, 2 to 3 feet		00	15	
Thunbergii, 12 to 15 inches, very nice, per 1000, \$40		0.0		0
" very large spreading plants		00	15	0
Illicifolia (new Holly-leaved variety), 2 feet, 50c. each.		00	1 *	- >
Calycanthus — Floridus (Strawberry shrub), 3 to 4 feet		00	15	0
Chyonanthus — White fringe, 3 to 4 feet		00		
Cercis — Canadensis and Japan, 3 to 4 feet		00		
Cherry - Dwarf Rocky Mt., ornamental, strong plants trailing, 2 ft.	. 2	00		
Cornus—Florida (see trees).		ou.		
Siberian, Alternifolia, Paniculata, etc, 3 to 4 feet		00 00		
Siberian, variegated leaved, very pretty		00		
Cochorus — Globe flower		00		
Desmodium — Pendulifolium (the purple and white), 2 to 4 feet		00	0	0
Deutzia — Crenata, Scabra, Pride of Rochester, mixed, 3 to 4 feet		50	-	0
Gracilis, very fine bushy plants, 18 to 24 inches		50	10	U
Elder — Golden leaved, 50c. each		00		
Euonymus — Strawberry tree, European and American		00	20	Ο
Exochorda — 2 to 3 feet		00	20	U
Forsythia — Fortunis, Intermedia and Suspensa		00	15	0
Honeysuckle — Hispida (new), 50c. each; Red and white tree honeysuckle	,	00	15	
Hydrangea — Paniculata grand, 2 to 3 feet, bushy		50		0
" 2 to 3 feet, tree form		00	15	
" 3 to 4 feet, bushy		00	15	
Hypericum — Mozerianum, very pretty, but tender, strong plants		00	10	0
tea - Virginica, 2 to 3 feet		00		
Japan Quince—(Cydonia Japonica), 12 to 18 inches. very bushy		50	8	0
$" \qquad " \qquad 2 \text{ to } 2^{\frac{1}{5}} \text{ feet}, \qquad " \qquad "$		00	12	
N. B. We have several thousand Japan Quince, just in the right condition for hedges. This is absolutely hardy, handsome in foliage and flower.	;			
Lilac — Charles X., strong bushy plants, 18 to 30 inches		50	8	
" " 2 to 3 feet		00	10	0
White, Maria Legray, per doz. \$4.00; common white, extra,		00		
Japonica, Villosa, Virginalis and others		00		
Philadelphus — (Syringa), 5 or 6 best varieties, 3 to 4 feet		00	12	0
Pavia — Dwarf Horse Chestnut, 4 to 6 feet		00		
Privet — (Ligustrum), Ibota, hardy, five feet		00		
" variegated, media, etc., extra		00		
Rhus — Cotinus (Smoke bush), fine plants, 3 to 4 feet		00	15	0
	+	00		
Glabra lacinata, 2 to 3 feet		00		

Spirea — Golden, for hedges, 4 feet		D	1	Don 100
### Multiflora Arguta, new, very early, 2 to 3 feet	Chines Colden for hedges 4 feet			Per 100
The above is the best early Spirea in our grounds. Of the Thunbergi style, but entirely hardy, very desirable. Callosa atrosanguinea, new, vivid red 300 Thunbergii, 2 feet, extra 200 Tran Houtte, 4 feet, one of the best 150 Crispifolia and Bumalda, both dwarf 200 Sorbifolia, 2 feet 200 Sorbifolia, 2 feet 200 Stuartia — Pentagyna, very rare and choice; tender, 81.00 each 200 Tran Houtte, 4 feet, one of the best 200 Stuartia — Pentagyna, very rare and choice; tender, 81.00 each 200 Tran Houtte, 4 feet, one of the best 200 Stuartia — Pentagyna, very rare and choice; tender, 81.00 each 200 Tran Houtte, 4 feet, one of the best 200 Stuartia — Pentagyna, very rare and choice; tender, 81.00 each 200 Tran Houtte, 4 feet, one of the best 200 Tran Houtte, 4 feet, one of the best 200 Tran Houtte, 4 feet, one of the best 200 Tran Houtte, 4 feet, one of the best 200 Tran Houtte, 4 feet, one of the best 200 Tran Houtte, 4 feet, one of the best 200 Tran Houtte, 4 feet, one of the best 200 Tran Houtte, 4 feet, one of the best 200 Tran Houtte, 4 feet, one of the best 200 Tran Houtte, 4 feet, one of the best 200 Tran Houtte, 4 feet, one of the best 200 Tran Houtte, 4 feet, one of the best 200 Tran Houtte, 4 feet, 200 Tr				
The above is the best early Spirea in our grounds. Of the Thunbergi style, but entirely hardy, very desirable. Callosa atrosanguinea, new, vivid red				
Callosa atrosanguinea, new, vivid red	5 to £ 1000		00	19 00
Thunbergii, 2 feet, extra	style, but entirely hardy, very desirable.	1		
Van Houtte, 4 feet, one of the best.	Callosa atrosanguinea, new, vivid red	. 3	00	
Crispifolia and Bumalda, both dwarf	Thunbergii, 2 feet, extra	. 2	00	
Sorbifolia, 2 feet	Van Houtte, 4 feet, one of the best	. 1	50	10 00
Stuartia	1		00	
Tamarix — New varieties, entirely hardy			00	
Virburnum — Opulus, tree cranberry, 3 to 4 feet				
Plicatum (Japan Snowball, double), 8 to 12 inches				
"TOMENTOSUM, small plants, just rooted				
"TOMENTOSTM, small plants, just rooted				15 00
10	12 to 16 inches.			20 00
Plicatum, Tomentosum, 2½ feet (2½ feet across), extra, 812.00 to \$18.00 per dozen, blooming plants.	TOMESTOSCH, Small plants, just rooted			10 00
extra, \$12.00 to \$18.00 per dozen, blooming plants. The Viburnum Tomentosum, when better known, is destined to be very popular. A large plant in full bloom, is the <i>insest shrub in our nehole collection</i> . It is perfectly hardy, has clean beautiful foliage. Probably we hold the largest stock of fine plants in the country. Weigela — Abel Carrie, Floribunda, Candida, etc	" 12 to 18 inches, well branche	1 4	00	25 00
The Viburnum Tomentosum, when better known, is destined to be very popular. A large plant in full bloom, is the *niest shrub in our nhole collection.* It is perfectly hardly, has clean beautiful foliage. Probably we hold the largest stock of fine plants in the country. **Weigela**—Abel Carrie, Floribunda, Candida, etc.		,		
Weigela — Abel Carrie, Floribunda, Candida, etc				
CLIMBING VINES.	very popular. A large plant in full bloom, is the <i>finest shrab in on whole collection</i> . It is perfectly hardy, has clean beautiful foliage Probably we hold the largest stock of fine plants in the country.	r		
CLIMBING VINES.			00	
CLIMBING VINES. Akebea — Quinata, very pretty anddelicate	_		00	
Ampelopis — Quinquefolia (American Woodbine)	CLIMBING VINES.			
Ampelopis — Quinquefolia (American Woodbine)	Akehea — Oninata very pretty anddelicate	. 9	00	15.00
Veitchi (Japan Woodbine), strong in pots 2 00 Aristolochia — Sipho (Dutchman's pipe vine), 50c. each 4 00 Bignonia — Trumpet vine, 25c. each 2 00 Clematis — Jackmani, Henryi, etc., 50c. each 5 00 Virginiana, native white 1 50 Paniculta, new, extra fine, 25c. each 2 50 Honeysuckle — Monthly fragrant, Douglas, yellow, etc 3 00 Wistaria — American, 25c. each; Chinese and Multijuga, 50c. each 5 00 Chinese white, 50c. each 4 00 Bardy Herbaceous Plants and Bulbs, 4 00 Astilbe — (Spirea Japonica), clumps, 15c. each; smaller 1 00 Grandiflora, new 2 00 Delphiniums — Seedlings, choice, 25c. each 2 00 Helianthus — (Sunflower), Giganteum, very tall and late 1 00				10 00
Aristolochia — Sipho (Dutchman's pipe vine), 50c. each				
Bignonia — Trumpet vine, 25c. each 2 00 Clematis — Jackmani, Henryi, etc., 50c. each 5 00 Virginiana, native white 1 50 Paniculta, new, extra fine, 25c. each 2 50 Honeysuckle — Monthly fragrant, Douglas, yellow, etc 3 00 Wistaria — American, 25c. each; Chinese and Multijuga, 50c. each 5 00 Chinese white, 50c. each. 5 00 Astilbe — (Spirea Japonica), clumps, 15c. each; smaller 1 00 Grandiflora, new 2 00 Delphiniums — Seedlings, choice, 25c. each 2 00 Helianthus — (Sunflower), Giganteum, very tall and late 1 00				
Clematis — Jackmani, Henryi, etc., 50c. each				
Virginiana, native white				
Honeysuckle — Monthly fragrant, Douglas, yellow, etc			50	
Honeysuckle — Monthly fragrant, Douglas, yellow, etc			50	
Chinese white, 50c. each. Hardy Herbaceous Plants and Bulbs, Astilbe—(Spirea Japonica), clumps, 15c. each; smaller			00	
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Grandiflora, new 2 00 Delphiniums—Seedlings, choice, 25c. each 2 00 Helianthus—(Sunflower), Giganteum, very tall and late 1 00 5 0	Hardy Herbaceous Plants and Bulb	s,		
Grandiflora, new 2 00 Delphiniums—Seedlings, choice, 25c. each 2 00 Helianthus—(Sunflower), Giganteum, very tall and late 1 00 5 0	Agtilbo (Spinga Japanica) alumana lina saak amallar	4	00	
Delphiniums — Seedlings, choice, 25c. each				
Helianthus — (Sunflower), Giganteum, very tall and late 1 00 5 0				
				= 00
	Five or six other varieties			ə 00

	Per	dos	Per 10
Hardy Herbaceous Plants—Our choice, good varieties			\$10 0
Iris—Kaempferi, fine new varieties		00	15 0
Pæonies — Tree varieties, strong blooming plants, \$1 to \$1.50 each		00	
Herbaceous (see Pæonie catalogue, sent on application)			
We will fill retail orders, if desired, this spring, but it is very much better to plant Pæonies in the fall. We have one of the largest and bescollections in the country, and will be prepared by September to offe them lower than ever before. Send for a circular if you do not receive one then.	ľ		
Phlox — The best old tried varieties, true to name	1	00	5 0
Best new kinds, one of each	2	CO	
Lilies — Lancifolium, Rubra, Alba, Præcox, etc., in the fall.			
ROSES.			
NOSES,			
Hybrid Perpetual—Strong, blooming plants, budded	2	00	15 0
Madame Plantier — Hardy white	2	00	
Climbing — Three varieties		50	
Multiflora — Japan, white trailing, strong		00	
Wichuriana — Japan white trailing memorial rose, small		50	
" " " large		00	
Crimson Rambler — New Red, climbing, 2-ft. plants		00	15 0
Setigera — Wild Michigan Rose, small	l	50	
well branched		50	8 0
heavy	2	00	12 0
Rose Rugosa, white, 18 inches		00	
N.B. Large or specimen trees and plants selected			
in the nursery cannot be sold at regular wholesale			
rates, but will be furnished according to size and quality.			





A New Hardy Weeping Willow.

90 90 90

I would like to call attention again to our new Weeping Willow, some cuttings of which were sent in 1890 to the Nebraska State Experimental Station. It proved then to be very hardy, even more so than the common Kilmarnock and New American willows, and was so entirely different from any other that they considered it a new variety, and named it the "Thurlow Willow." I propagated and sold a few in 1895, but owing to illness the last two years, have not advertised or sold it to any extent. From what few have been sold in this vicinity, I have received very flattering testimonials, such as: "A very valuable tree," "You have a good thing," etc., and have decided to propagate and push it more in the future. On the outside is a photograph of the original tree taken in the autumn of 1895. The whole top had been taken off the spring before to be used as cuttings, but since it has all been allowed to grow, and during the last season it was a "Marvel of beauty." The top and a large part of the side branches point directly upward, while the lower limbs and small twigs point directly downward, some of them trailing on the ground. The tree stands now about 40 feet, with every prospect of its running up to be 75 feet tall.

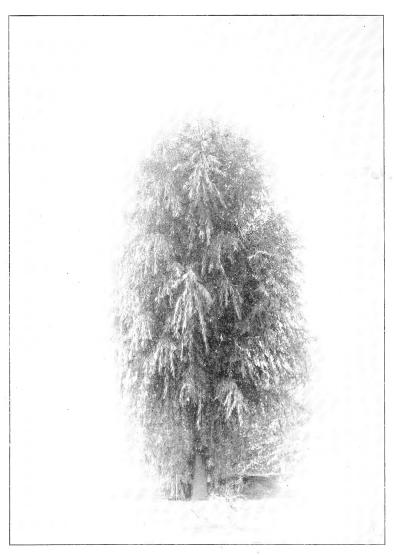
I cannot too strongly recommend it to those who want a tall-growing weeping willow, especially to people north of us, where it is *impossible* to grow a Babylonica or other similar tree. To plant around the borders of a pond, or on the banks of rivers, it will be indispensable to produce certain landscape effects.

We have always retailed it at \$1, but to introduce it more rapidly, I have made the price very much lower (see weeping trees in this circular). If anyone at a distance would like to try it, we can cut off the tops and send with the roots for cuttings in a very compact shape. We can also send cuttings to a distance (by express) at \$2 per dozen, \$12 per 100.

The circular of 1895 is enclosed with this, which is as true now as then.

THE SPARRELL PRINT, BOSTON





THE THURLOW WEEPING WILLOW.
From a Photograph in 1895. See Previous Page.